BEEHIVE INSP	ECTIO	N SHE	ET:	Location/Hi				- *	Date: Time:		
Spring Summer Fall Winter	Colony strength: Strong Mo			Queen 🏚 /Yr/Type: Queen 🏚 Marking:				Temp: Humidity:			
Inspection PURPOSE:		In Bloom:	Bloom:		Conditions: Nectar Flow / Dearth					_	
•				Weather prior week: Normal /Hot /Cold /Humid /Dry /Rainy /Windy /Stormy							
1. HONEY BEE ACTIVITY	Observe bees	ves outside (including flight pattern), at the entrance & ground under, inside the hive)									
Bee Temperament:	⊖ Calm	NOTES:									
Bees Activities Outside:	Cleansing Poll	en/Nectar/Wat	Orientation flight Robbing Swarming Bearding Fanning Guarding Washboarding								
\downarrow Light \rightarrow Moderate \uparrow Heavy	Bees on the ground or entrance: Crawling Shaking Disoriented Dying w/ tongue out Defecation stains: Inside/ Outside										
Bee Activities Inside:	Pollen/Nectar packing Honey ripening Hygienic behavior Comb buiding Festooning Dancing: Round /Waggle/ Tremble										
NOTES:											
2. HONEY BEE COLONY INSPECTION (Inspect Brood boxes & supers if applicable. Use Detail Colony Assessment sheet on the back side for details)											
Bee Population (# of bees): Light (<15K) → Moderate (15-40K) ↑ Heavy (>40K) Total Est. FOB (Frames of Bees):											
Y/ N Queen Evidence:	Queen Evidence: Queen seen Eggs present Larva present Capped brood Queen Caged Brood break since: / Drone Layer Laying workers										
Capped Brood Pattern:	rn: Good (solid/uniform) Fair (little spotty) Poor (very spotty) Chewed Bold Brood Drone brood only Brood frames #:										
Y/ N Swarm / Supersedure:	Swarm Prep: (Overcrowded	Honey bound	Excess Dr	ones Swarm	Cell(s) #	Super	sedure/Em	ergency Ce	ell (mid frame)	
Is Re-Queening required?	Y / N	Is Swarm wat	ching require	ed? Y/N	Is Hive Spli	t required?	Y/N	Is Hive eq	<mark>lualizing re</mark>	equired? Y / N	
NOTES:											
3. FOOD STORES CHECK					<u> </u>						
Y/ N Sufficient Pollen/Bee Bread Stores?		-					Brood? Y /N Abundan		t Royal Jelly? Y / N		
Y/ N Sufficient Honey/Nectar Stores?		-				Near Brood? Y/N NO		NOTES:	OTES:		
Supplemental Feed: sugar syrup						ty, dry pollen Inge: Frames/ Honey Supers					
Is Supplemental feeding n											
4. BEE HEALTH/ DISEASE/ PESTS CHECK (Inspect Brood boxes to ensure health of the colony) Follow Integrated Pest Management (IPM)											
Visual Inspection of adult Bees: OK (normally looking and behaving adult bees and white shiney larvae) Bees with deformed or "K" wings Bees with shortened abdomens Greasy hairless, black bees Crawling, disoriented or shaking bees on the ground Dead bees with nongues out											
Visual Inspection of the Brood: OK Spotty brood pattern Chewed/ Perforated brood cappings Chewed brood Discoloured, non-white shiny larvae											
Twisted Larvae Chalkbrood Sunkened cappings Smelly Brood Dead bees Defecation stains inside the hive Webbing in the brood SHB or Wax Moth Larvae											
Varroa Mites Testing: Alcohol wash/Sugar roll - acceptable treshold per ½ cup/300 bees is <= 2% (6 mites Apr-Jul) or <= 3% (9 mites Aug-Oct)											
(Test monthly, Treat if needed)		heck- acceptab		r 24h is <mark>8</mark> m						-	
Y/ N Excess Varroa Mites 🏋 p	resent?		Test Date	Count#	V.Mite Trea	t/Result:	Test Date	Count#	V.Mite Tre	eat/ Result:	
Y/ N Small Hive Beetles (SHB) present?			4/				8/				
Y/ N Brood Disease (Chalkbrood, EFB) present?			5/								
Y/ N Adult Bee Disease (Nosema, viruses) present?			6/				9/				
Y/ N Other Pests (wax moth, ants, wasps) present?			7/				10/				
Is Pest management required? Y / N							12/		O.A. Vapo	rs	
NOTES:											
5. HIVE CONDITION CH	-										
Burr/ Brace Comb? Y/N Excessive Propolis? Y/N Moisture/Mold present? Y/N Odor: Normal / Foul Old /Wacky comb? Y/N Frame #:											
Equipment damaged/need	Replacement?	Y / N	NOTES:								

G End of life - Summer bees live approx.

4-6 weeks; Winter bees 4-6 months

BEEHIVE ASSESMENT SHEET: Season: Spring Summer Fall Winter Number of Bee Frames: Detail Colony Assessment Report: Twice a year (spring & late summer/fall) perform detail colony assesment . Indicate areas on the frames occupied by bee food and brood. Use it to outline location of the cluster in the winter. Mark old frames for replacement. Use a Letter to indicate the location of various items found on each frame. Add percentage number (%) to quantify the approximate amount of each item (i.e. H80 = 80% of frame is taken by Honey). Found on Frames: Pollen N Nectar (uncapped) н Honey (capped) C Comb - empty (built wax cells) Frames: F Foundation (undrawned comb) XX Old/ Wacky Frame - to be replaced DF Drone Frame (Full, 1/2, 1/8 cutouts) *X Brood-Eggs (3 days) BU Brood-Uncapped/Larva (5-6 days) BC Brood-Capped/Pupae (8-14 days) BD **Brood-Drone BDU** Brood-Drone Uncapped **BDC** Brood-Drone Capped (/ /)*X Brood-Drone for Removal *X Q Queen QCS Queen Cell Swarming (#:) QCE Queen Cell Emergency/Supersedure Varroa Mite control using Drone brood uncapping /removal (done within 13 days post capping) 6 7 8 1 2 3 4 5 9 10 Worker Bees LIFE CYCLE and the ROLES performed: **BROOD** (immature bees): 1 Egg, hatches day 3 into Larvae 2 Larvae, young- small, fed Royal Jelly (day 4 * is best for Queen grafting) 3 Larvae, old - fat white grubs, fed Bee Bread (@use frame for mite check) 4 Larva is Capped, transforms into Pre-Pupae 5 Pre-Pupae, spins cocoon 6 Pupae, goes thru metamorphosis, develops into adult worker bee 7 Day 21 - Adult Worker bee, emerges **In-HIVE** Bees: A Days 1-2 Clean cells, Warm brood Nurse 6 B Days 3-5 Feed older Larvae (pollen bread Days 6-15 Feed younger Larvae & Bees 8 Queen (producs Royal jelly) Distribute 9 9 queen pheromone (Communication) 10 10 C Days 12-17 - Receive, Transport & House 11 11 11 Store food in the hive, Make pollen 12 12 12 13 13 13 bread. Termoregulate 14 14 14 D Days 12-17 - Produce wax, Build comb 15 15 E Days 18-21 - Learn to fly. Make Emerge 16 16 17 17 X (T, red eye) orientation flights. Guard the colony. X (T, red eye) Egg 18 18 Remove dead bees Larvae (being fed) 19 19 **FIELD Bees:** Foraging Bees Pupae (in cocoon) 20 20 F Days 22-End - Forage for nectar, Adult Bee emerges 21 pollen, water & resins (propolis). Scout Best larve for Queen grafting 22 for food & nest sites

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Varroa mite hides in the cell

brood Removal or $\underline{\mathbf{T}}$ esting

Varroa Mite control using Drone

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